

IP Camera Standard API - Interface Specification

Revision: 3.0

Date: 2013-July-18

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT HISTORY	3
1 OVERVIEW	5
1.1 Product and firmware versions	5
2 REFERENCES	5
3 DEFINITIONS	6
3.1 General notation.....	6
3.1.1 General abbreviations	6
3.1.2 Style convention.....	6
3.1.3 General CGI URL syntax and parameters	7
3.1.4 Parameter value convention.....	8
4 INTERFACE SPECIFICATION.....	9
4.1 Server responses	9
4.1.1 HTTP status codes	9
5 API GROUPS.....	11
5.1 General.....	11
5.1.1 Update and list parameters and their values	11
5.1.2 Add, modify and delete users.....	14
5.1.3 List users information	16
5.1.4 Get, modify snapshot path	17
5.1.5 Local Storage Management	18
5.1.6 Factory default	19
5.1.7 Hard factory default	20
5.1.8 Backup	20
5.1.9 Restore	21
5.1.10 Firmware upgrade	22
5.1.11 Restart server.....	24
5.1.12 Server report.....	24
5.1.13 System logs	25
5.1.14 System date and time	25

5.1.15 IEEE 802.1x certificate upload	28
5.2 Image	29
5.2.1 MJPEG images (snapshot) CGI request	29
5.3 PTZ	30
5.3.1 PTZ	30
5.4 I/O	38
5.4.1 I/O control.....	38
5.4.2 Event Data.....	40
5.5 Video and Audio	45
5.5.1 Connect video and audio stream.....	45
5.5.2 Connect video stream by http	46
5.5.3 RTSP	47

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Version	Date	Comment
2.01	2009-Aug-27	Initial version.
2.02	2009-Dec-18	Add 5.5.1 2 nd H.264 Streaming Syntax Add 5.1.13 Time Zone Setting Add 5.3.1 PTZ Control Setting
2.03	2009-Mar-22	Add 5.1.7 Backup Add 5.1.8 Restore
2.04	2010-Dec-3	5.3.1.1 PTZ control: Add PTZ control supported camera models table Add Valid values: pushaf, zoomtrigger, reset, zoomreset, focusreset for autofocus parameter Add zoomsteps and focussteps parameters
2.05	2011-June-1	Add Section: 5.1.5 Local Storage Management 5.3.1.1 PTZ control updates: Add model: Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom Update <autofocus> Valid Values Update <gotoserverpresetno> Valid Values Update <query> Valid Values Add <setserverpresetno> parameter
2.06	2011-Sep-28	Add Section: 5.1.1.2 List parameter options 5.1.10.2 Start firmware upgrade updates: Add model: HD IP Camera/ V Series/ IP PTZ, Full HD Multiple Streams series, Full HD IP PTZ 5.3.1.1 PTZ control updates: Add Full HD IP PTZ model Add Section: 5.3.1.2 Sequence Lines Configuration
2.07	2012-Apr-23	Update 5.3.1 PTZ control with center mode Center imagewidth imageheight stream

3.0	2013-July-18	<p>Remove information regarding N3&A2 devices</p> <p>For all models, the available preset number is from 1 to 256</p> <p>Add Section: 5.4.2 Event Data</p> <p>5.3.1.1 PTZ:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add <continuousirismove> parameter Update <gotoserverpresetno> Valid Values Update <setserverpresetno> Valid Values Add <gotoserverautopanno> parameter Add <gotoservercruiseno> parameter Add <gotoserversequenceno> parameter <p>5.3.1.2 Sequence Lines Configuration</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Update <PresetNbr> Valid Values <p>5.3.1.3 PTZ configuration update:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add home parameter <p>5.1.10.2 Start firmware upgrades:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add valid values of Xarina models <p>Add Section: 5.1.15 IEEE 802.1x certificate upload</p>
-----	--------------	--

1 OVERVIEW

This document specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface of the IP camera.

The HTTP-based video interface provides the functionality for requesting images and for getting and setting internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server in the camera.

1.1 Product and firmware versions

The support for the HTTP API is product and firmware dependent. Please refer to the Release Notes for the actual product for compliance information.

2 REFERENCES

HTTP protocol

- Hypertext Transfer Protocol -- HTTP/1.0

External application programming interfaces (Client side)

- IP Camera API parameters

RTSP Protocol

- Real Time Streaming Protocol - RFC 2326

SDP Protocol

- Session Description Protocol - RFC 2327

3 DEFINITIONS

This section contains information on general usage of this document.

3.1 General notation

3.1.1 General abbreviations

The following abbreviations are used throughout this document

CGI	Common Gateway Interface - a standardized method of communication between a client (e.g. a web browser) and a server (e.g. a web server).
N/A	Not applicable - a feature/parameter/value is of no use in a specific task
URL	RFC 1738 describes the syntax and semantics for a compact string representation for a resource available via the Internet. These strings are called "Uniform Resource Locators" (URLs).
URI	A Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a compact string of characters for identifying an abstract or physical resource. RFC 2396 describes the generic syntax of URI.

3.1.2 Style convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text in italics within angle brackets denotes content that should be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets must also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, which is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example, also shown below.

URL syntax is written with the word "Syntax:" shown in bold face, followed by a box with the referred syntax, as shown below. The name of the server is written as <servername>. This is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g. "thecam" or "thecam.adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g. 192.168.0.250.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/userinfo.cgi
```

A description of returned data is written with "Return:" in bold face, followed by the returned data in a box. All data returned as HTTP-formatted, i.e. starting with the string HTTP, is line-separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n
```

URL syntax examples are written with "Example:" in bold face, followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: Request user privacy.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/privacy.cgi
```

Examples of what can be returned by the server from a request are written with "Example:" in bold face, followed by a short description and a light grey box with an example of the returned data.

Example: Returned data after a successful request.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 Ok\r\n
```

3.1.3 General CGI URL syntax and parameters

CGI URLs are written in lower-case. CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, the internal parameters must be written exactly as named in the camera or video server. For the POST method, the parameters must be included in the body of the HTTP request. The CGIs are organized in function related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension of the CGI is required.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/<subdir>[/<subdir>...]/<cgi>.<ext>
[?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]
```

Example: List the Network parameters.

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=list&group=Network
```

3.1.4 Parameter value convention

In tables defining CGI parameters and supported parameter values, the default value for optional parameters is system configured.

4 INTERFACE SPECIFICATION

4.1 Server responses

4.1.1 HTTP status codes

The built-in Web server uses the standard HTTP status codes.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n
```

with the following HTTP code and meanings

HTTP code	HTTP text	Description
200	OK	The request has succeeded, but an application error can still occur, which will be returned as an application error code.
204	No Content	The server has fulfilled the request, but there is no new information to send back.
302	Moved Temporarily	The server redirects the request to the URI given in the Location header.
400	Bad Request	The request had bad syntax or was impossible to fulfill.
401	Unauthorized	The request requires user authentication or the authorization has been refused.
404	Not Found	The server has not found anything matching the request.
409	Conflict	The request could not be completed due to a conflict with the current state of the resource.
500	Internal Error	The server encountered an unexpected condition that prevented it from fulfilling the request.

503	Service Unavailable	The server is unable to handle the request due to temporary overload.
-----	---------------------	---

Example: Request includes invalid file names.

```
HTTP/1.0 404 Not Found\r\n
```

5 API GROUPS

To make it easier for developers to get an idea of which API requests are supported for different products, the requests have been grouped together. Information about which groups are supported can be found in the product-specific release notes document.

5.1 General

The requests specified in the General section are supported by all video products with firmware version z20070921 and below.

5.1.1 Update and list parameters and their values

Note:

- The parameter is specified in the parameter document.
- The URL must follow the standard way of writing a URL, (RFC 2396: Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI) Generic Syntax); that is, spaces and other reserved characters (";", "/", "?", ":" , "@", "&", "=", "+", "," and "\$") within a <parameter> or a <value> must be replaced with %<ASCII hex>. For example, in the string My camera, the space will have to be replaced with %20, My%20camera.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?  
<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameter and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
action=<string>	add, remove, update or list	Specifies the action to take. Depending on this parameter, various parameters may be set, as described in the following sections.

5.1.1.1 List parameters

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=list  
[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameter and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
group=<string> [& group=<string>...]	<group[.name]>[,<group[.name]>...]	Returns the value of the camera parameter named <group>.<name>. The camera parameters must be entered exactly as they are named in the camera or video server.

Example: List the Network parameters.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=list&group=Network
```

Example: List the names of all Event parameters and Network parameters

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=list&group=Event&group=Network
```

5.1.1.2 List parameter options

List the all available options for some parameters.

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=options
```

5.1.1.3 List output format

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\n
\n
<parameter pair>
```

where *<parameter pair>* is

```
<parameter>=<value>\n
[ <parameter pair> ]
```

Example: Network query response.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\n
\n
root.Network.IPAddress=192.168.0.250\n
root.Network.SubnetMask=255.255.255.0\n
```

If the CGI request includes an invalid parameter value, the server returns an error message.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\n
\n
# Error: <description>\n
```

5.1.1.4 Update parameters

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=update
[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
<i><string>=<string></i>	<i><group.name>=<value></i>	<p>Assigns <i><value></i> to the parameter <i><group.name></i>.</p> <p>The <i><value></i> must be URL-encoded when it contains non-alphanumeric characters.</p> <p>The camera parameters must be entered exactly as named in the camera or the video server.</p>

Example: Set the exposure mode to auto.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?
action=update&ImageSource.I0.Sensor.Exposure=auto
```

Example: Set the event enable.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?
action=update& Event.E0.Enabled=yes
```

5.1.2 Add, modify and delete users

Add a new user with password and group membership, modify the information and remove a user.

Note: This request requires root access (root authorization).

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/pwdgrp.cgi?
<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
action=<string>	add, update, remove or get	add = create a new user account. update = change account information of specified parameters if the account exists. remove = remove an existing account if it exists. get = get a list of the users which belong to each group defined.
user=<string>	<string>	The user account name, a non-existing user name. Valid characters are a thru z, A thru Z and 0 thru 9.
pwd=<string>	<string>	The unencrypted password of the account. Valid characters are a thru z, A thru Z and 0 thru 9.
sgrp=<string>:[<string>...]	<string>[,<string>...]	Colon separated existing secondary group names of the account. Ex: dido : camctrl : talk : listen

Example: Create a new administrator account.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/pwdgrp.cgi?action=add&user=joe&pwd=foo&sgrp=dido:camctrl:talk:listen
```

Example: Change the password of an existing account.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/pwdgrp.cgi?action=update&user=joe&pwd=bar
```

Example: Remove an account.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/pwdgrp.cgi?action=remove&user=joe
```

Example: List groups and users.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/pwdgrp.cgi?action=get
```

5.1.3 List users information

List the user information with password or privacy.

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/privacy.cgi
```

Example: List the username and privacy

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/privacy.cgi?
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\n
\n
Username:Dido:Camset:Talk:Listen \n
Admin:1:1:1:1\n
```

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/userinfo.cgi
```

Example: List the username and password.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/userinfo.cgi?
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
List username and password\r\n
Admin:1234\r\n
```

5.1.4 Get, modify snapshot path

Get or modify Admin snapshot path, Admin can capture images by the web page snapshot button, and the images are stored at the path you set.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/snapshot.cgi? <parameter>=<value>]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
path=<string>	<string>	Valid character: A-Za-z0-9and some special tokens _/\~!@#\$%^&+-:
action=<string>	get set	Get the Admin snapshot path. Set the Admin snapshot path, with action=set parameter path is required.

Example: Set the Admin snapshot path to C:\capture

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/snapshot.cgi?action=set&path=C%3A%5Ccapture
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
OK\r\n
```

5.1.5 Local Storage Management

Manage the local storage, including format storage, list existing file, remove or download an existing file.

Note: This request requires root access (root authorization).

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/storagemanagement.cgi?
<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
action=<string>	format, list, remove, download	format = format the local storage device list = get a list of the existing files in the local storage remove = remove an existing file in local storage download = download an existing file from the local storage .
filename=<string>	<string>	The filename of the file that is to be removed or downloaded.

Example: Format the local storage device.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/storagemanagement.cgi?action=format
```

Example: Get the file list from the local storage.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/storagemanagement.cgi?action=list
```

Example: Remove an existing file.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/storagemanagement.cgi?action=remove&filename=A_20110101_010101.avi
```

Example: Download an existing file.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/storagemanagement.cgi?action=download&filename=A_20110101_010101.avi
```

5.1.6 Factory default

Reload factory default. All parameters except Network.BootProto, Network.IPAddress, Network.SubnetMask, Network.Broadcast, Network.DefaultRouter and Network port are set to their factory default values.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/factorydefault.cgi
```

5.1.7 Hard factory default

Reload factory default. All parameters are set to their factory default value.

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/hardfactorydefault.cgi
```

5.1.8 Backup

Download a unit specific backup of all files in the folder /etc in tar format.

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/backup.cgi
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: application/octet-stream\r\n
Content-length: 15899\r\n
Content-Disposition: attachment; filename=config_file.bin\r\n
<file content of config_file.bin >
```

5.1.9 Restore

Upload a unit specific backup previously created by the backup.cgi.

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/restore.cgi
```

The file is provided in the HTTP body according to the format given in **RFC 1867**. The body is created automatically by the browser if using HTML form with input type "file."

Response: Upload of backup, where "\r\n" has been omitted in the HTTP body.

```
POST /cgi-bin/admin/restore.cgi? HTTP/1.0\r\n
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=AaBo3x\r\n
Content-Length: <content length>\r\n
\r\n
--AaBo3x\r\n
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="config_file.bin ";
filename="config_file.bin"\r\n
Content-Type: application/octet-stream\r\n
\r\n
<file content of config_file.bin>
\r\n
--AaBo3x--\r\n
```

5.1.10 Firmware upgrade

5.1.10.1 Before firmware upgrade

It will stop some process (like stream server, image transfer .. etc) to prepare firmware upgrade.

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/beforeupgrade.cgi
```

5.1.10.2 Start firmware upgrade

Upgrade the firmware version.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/firmwareupgrade.cgi[?<parameter>=<value>]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
filename=<string>	Full HD Multiple Streams series: uImage, userland.img, var, uImage_userland, mcu.bin (Zoom Type model only)	Specifies the filename of firmware upgrade. uImage = kernel package binary file. cameraFw = camera parameters binary file. userland.jffs2 = JFFS2 image binary file. var = variable binary file. uImage_userland.jffs2 = kernel package binary file + JFFS2 image binary file

	<p>Full HD IP PTZ:</p> <p>uImage, userland.img, var, uImage_userland, switch.bin, main.bin, module.bin</p> <p>Full HD WDR IP</p> <p>Camera:</p> <p>uImage.img userland.img var uImage_userland uboot</p>	userland.img = UBIFS image binary file uImage_userland = kernel package binary file + UBIFS image binary file switch.bin = Switch Board firmware upgrade main.bin = Main Board firmware upgrade module.bin = Camera Module firmware upgrade
--	---	--

The file content is provided in the HTTP body according to the format given in RFC 1867. The body is created automatically by the browser if using HTML form with input type "file".

Example:

```

POST /cgi-bin/admin/firmwareupgrade.cgi?filename=userland.jffs2 HTTP/1.0\r\n
Content-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=AsCg5y\r\n
Content-Length: <content length>\r\n
Authorization: Basic QWRtaW46MTIzNA==\r\n
\r\n
--AsCg5y\r\n
Content-Disposition: form-data; name="userland.jffs2"; filename="userland.jffs2"\r\n
Content-Type: application/octet-stream\r\n
\r\n
<firmware file content>\r\n
\r\n
--AsCg5y--\r\n

```

5.1.11 Restart server

Restart server.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/restart.cgi
```

5.1.12 Server report

This CGI request generates and returns a server report. This report is useful as an input when requesting support. The report includes product information, parameter settings and system logs.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/serverreport.cgi
```

5.1.13 System logs

Get system log information.

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Note: The response is product/release-dependent.

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/systemlog.cgi
```

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
<system log information>
```

5.1.14 System date and time

Get or set the system date and time.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/date.cgi?<parameter>=<value>
```

with the following parameter and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
action=<string>	get or set	Specifies what to do.

		get = get the current date and time. set = set the current date and/or time.
--	--	---

5.1.14.1 Get system date and time

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/date.cgi?action=get
```

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
<month> <day>, <year> <hour>:<minute>:<second>\r\n
```

Example:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
Apr 03, 2003 15:16:04\r\n
```

5.1.14.2 Set system date and time

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/date.cgi?action=set[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
year=<int>	2007 - 2099	Current year.
month=<int>	1 - 12	Current month.
day=<int>	1 - 31	Current day.
hour=<int>	0 - 23	Current hour.
minute=<int>	0 - 59	Current minute.
second=<int>	0 - 59	Current second.
timezone=<string>	GMT-12...GMT+13	Time zone.

The set action produces one of the following server responses:

Return: A successful set.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
OK\r\n
```

Return: A failed set. Settings or syntax are probably incorrect.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
Request failed: <error message>\r\n
```

Example: Set the date.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/date.cgi?action=set&year=2005&month=4&day=3
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
```

```
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n\r\nOK\r\n
```

5.1.15 IEEE 802.1x certificate upload

Upload the 802.1x certificate

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/upload_certificate.cgi[?<parameter>=<value>]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
type=<string>	ca_certificate client_certificate private_key	Specifies the type of uploaded certificate. Those certificate files are provided by authentication server.

The file content is provided in the HTTP body according to the format given in RFC 1867. The body is created automatically by the browser if using HTML form with input type "file".

Example:

```
POST /cgi-bin/admin/upload_certificate.cgi?type=ca_certificate HTTP/1.0\r\nContent-Type: multipart/form-data; boundary=AsCg5y\r\nContent-Length: <content length>\r\nAuthorization: Basic QWRtaW46MTIzNA==\r\n\r\n--AsCg5y\r\nContent-Disposition: form-data; name=" ca_certificate "; filename=" ca_certificate "\r\nContent-Type: application/octet-stream\r\n\r\n
```

```
<firmware file content>
\r\n
--AsCg5y--\r\n
```

5.2 Image

5.2.1 MJPEG images (snapshot) CGI request

Method : GET

Syntax :

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/jpg/image.cgi?
```

When a JPEG image is requested, the server returns either the specified JPEG image file or an error.

Return:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n
Content-Length: <image size>\r\n
\r\n
<JPEG image data>\r\n
```

Example: Requested JPEG image.

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n
Content-Length: 15656\r\n
\r\n
<JPEG image data>\r\n
```

5.3 PTZ

5.3.1 PTZ

Provide CGI commands for PTZ function control.

5.3.1.1 PTZ control

To control the Pan, Tilt and Zoom behavior of a PTZ unit, the following PTZ control URL is used. This URL has view access rights.

Important:

Some PTZ units automatically reduce pan and tilt movements as the zoom factor increases. Therefore, the actual movement may be less than what is requested of these units.

The PTZ control is device-dependent; PTZ control supported camera models are as follows:

Classification	Model name
Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom	NH073-10x NH073-18x X0S6-7 X0S7-7
Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Motorized	NH223, NH323, NH053, W2 (NV223), W3 (NV323), W5 (NV053)
Full HD IP PTZ	NH720 NH820

Note:

The URL must follow the standard way of writing a URL, ([RFC 2396](#): Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI) Generic Syntax); that is, spaces and other reserved characters (";", "/", "?", ":", "@", "&", "=","+", "," and "\$") within a <parameter> or a <value> must be replaced with %<ASCII hex>. For example, in the string My camera, the space will have to be replaced with %20, My%20camera.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/com/ptz.cgi?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]

with the following parameters and values

Parameter name	Default value	Valid values	Description
move		Full HD IP PTZ: home up down left right upleft upright downleft downright	Moves the device 5 degrees in the specific direction.
pan		Full HD IP PTZ: -180.0 to 180.0	Pans the device relative to the (0, 0)position
tilt		Full HD IP PTZ: -10.0 to 190.0	Tilts the device relative to the (0, 0)position
zoom		Full HD IP PTZ: 0 to 9999	Zoom the device n steps
focus		Full HD IP PTZ: 0 to 9999	Move focus n steps
rpan		Full HD IP PTZ: -360.0 to 360.0	Pans the device n degrees relative to the current position
rtilt		Full HD IP PTZ: -360.0 to 360.0	Tilts the device n degrees relative to the current position
rzoom		Full HD IP PTZ: -9999 to 9999	Zoom the device n steps relative to the current position; Positive values mean zoom in, and negative values mean zoom out.

rfocus		Full HD IP PTZ: -9999 to 9999	Move device n steps relative to the current position; Positive values mean focus far, and negative values mean focus near.
autofocus		Full HD IP PTZ: on, off Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom: on, off, zoomtrigger, pushaf Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Motorized: pushaf, zoomreset, focusreset	on/off: Autofocus on/off. pushaf: Autofocus by one push zoomtrigger: Autofocus by zoom in/out zoomreset: reset zoom focusreset: reset focus reset: reset zoom & Focus
continuouspantiltmove		Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom: -100 to 100, -100 to 100	Continuous pan/tilt motion. Positive values mean right (pan) and up (tilt), negative values mean left (pan) and down (tilt). "0,0" means stop.
continuouszoommove		-100 to 100	Continuous zoom motion. Positive values mean zoom in and negative values mean zoom out. Higher value gives higher speed.(Motorized models exclusive) "0" means stop.
zoomsteps		Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Motorized: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, -1, -2, -4, -8, -16, -32, -64, -128	Positive values mean zoom in and negative values mean zoom out.
focusteps		Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Motorized: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, -1,	Positive values mean focus near and negative values mean focus far.

		-2, -4, -8, -16, -32, -64, -128	
continuousfocusmove		-100 to 100	<p>Continuous focus motion.</p> <p>Positive values mean focus near and negative values mean focus far.</p> <p>Higher value gives higher speed.(Motorized models exclusive)</p> <p>"0" means stop.</p>
continuousirismove	stop	stop open close	<p>stop: stop the change of aperture</p> <p>open: increase the aperture continuously</p> <p>close: decrease the aperture continuously</p> <p>(This parameter is only available for the device which equip with C/S mount lens and support RS485)</p>
gotoserverpresetno		Full HD IP PTZ: 1 to 256 Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom: 1 to 256	Move to the position associated with the specified preset position number.
gotoserverautopanno		Full HD IP PTZ: 1,2,3,4	Run the Autopan function associated with specified autopan function number
gotoservercruiseno		Full HD IP PTZ: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	Run the Cruise function associated with specified cruise function number
gotoserversequenceno		Full HD IP PTZ: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8	Run the Sequence function associated with specified

			sequence function number
center		<int x>,<int y>	Used to send the coordinates for the point in the image where the user clicked. This information is then used by the server to center the clicked point. Used for center mode together with the following parameters: imagewidth, imageheight, and stream. See center mode example.
imagewidth		1, ...	The current image width of the image seen. Used for center mode.
imageheight		1, ...	The current image height of the image seen. Used for center mode.
stream		h264 h264_2 jpeg	For example: If rtsp://server_address/h264 is connected, then stream=h264. Used for center mode.
query		Full HD IP PTZ: position Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom: position	Returns the current parameter values.
info	1	1	Returns a description of available PTZ commands.

Example: Center mode command which centers the clicked point.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/com/ptz.cgi?center=2,4&imageheight=578&imagewidth=722&stream=h264
```

Example: Request information about which PTZ commands are available.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/com/ptz.cgi?info=1
```

5.3.1.2 Sequence Lines Configuration

Sequence Lines are configurable for IP PTZs, Full HD IP PTZs and some IP Cameras as shown below:

Classification	Model name
Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom	NH073-3x NH073-18x X0S6-7 X0S7-7
Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera (RS-485 capable)	NH063 W6 (NV063) X0S6-6 X0S7-6
Full HD IP PTZ	NH720 NH820

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

With the following parameters and values

Parameter name	Default value	Valid values	Description
PresetNbr	1	1 ... 256	The number of the PTZ preset position.
MoveSpeed	Full HD IP PTZ: 10	Full HD IP PTZ: 0 ... 14	The speed at which to move camera to this preset position.
WaitTiime	1	0 ... 255	The view time for this preset position in seconds.

Example: Create a Sequence Line parameter group

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=add&group=GuardTour
```

Example: Add a Sequence Point to the Sequence Line

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=add&group=GuardTour.G1.Tour
```

Note: Preset Points should be available before adding a Sequence Point to the Sequence Line.

Example: Modify the parameter values

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=update&GuardTour.G1.Tour.T1.PresetNbr=2
```

Example: Add another Sequence Point and modify the parameter values in the same request

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/param.cgi?action=add&group=GuardTour.G1.Tour&GuardTour.  
G1.Tour.T.PresetNbr=3&GuardTour.G1.Tour.T.WaitTime=5
```

5.3.1.3 PTZ configuration

Configure PTZ preset positions. On Screen Display (OSD) control.

Note: This request requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/com/ptzconfig.cgi?  
<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
setserverpresetname=<int>,<string>	Full HD IP PTZ: <preset no><preset name> ¹	Associates the current position to <preset name> as a preset position in the server.
setserverpresetno=<int>	Full HD IP PTZ/Full HD Multiple Streams IP Camera-Zoom: 1 to 256	Saves the current position as a preset position number in the server.
removeserverpresetname=<string>	Full HD IP PTZ: <preset name> ¹	Removes the specified preset position associated with <preset name>.
removeserverpresetno=<int>	Full HD IP PTZ: 1, ...	Removes the specified preset position.
setserverautopan=<int>,<string>	Full HD IP PTZ: <autopan line>,<state>	

setserverautopandirspeed=<int>,<string>,<int>	Full HD IP PTZ: <autopanline>, <direction>, <speed>	Set autopan direction and speed. <direction>:left,right <speed>:0-3
setservercruise=<int>,<string>	Full HD IP PTZ: <cruise line>,<state>	Set cruise line. <state> start : start cruise setting end : end cruise setting
home=<string>	yes	To set the home position with current position of PTZ. This position will be used in move=home API command.

¹ <preset name> is a string with a maximum of 31 characters, ~ is not allowed.

5.4 I/O

The requests in the I/O section are supported by the products with Input/Output functions

5.4.1 I/O control

5.4.1.1 Input

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/io/input.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description

check=<int>[,<int>,...]	<id1>[,<id2>...]	Returns the status (1 or 0) of one of more inputs numbered id1, id2,...
checkactive=<int>[,<int>,...]	<id1>[,<id2>...]	Returns the status (active or inactive) of one or more inputs numbered id1,id2

Number of inputs may be different according to the camera model. Please see the product's specification

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/io/input.cgi?check=1
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
Input1=0
```

5.4.1.2 Output

Note: This requires administrator access (administrator authorization).

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/io/output.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
```

with the following parameters and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
check=<int>[,<int>,...]	<id1>[,<id2>...]	Returns the status (1 or 0) of one or more outputs numbered id1, id2,...
checkactive=<int>[,<int>,...]	<id1>[,<id2>...]	Returns the status (active or inactive) of one or more outputs numbered id1,id2
action=<string>	<id1>:<a>	<id> = Output number. If omitted, output 1 is

		selected. <a> = Action character: / or \ /=active, \=inactive
--	--	---

Number of outputs may be different according to the camera model. Please see the product's specification

Example: Set output 1 active

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/io/output.cgi?action=1:/
```

Response:

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
\r\n
OK
```

5.4.2 Event Data

Note: This section explains the commands related to eventdata.cgi. This command could deliver setting and current status of IP Camera motion detection, I/O and tampering.

Method: GET

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

with the following parameter and values

<parameter>=<value>	Values	Description
action=<string>	get, monitor	get: get the current status of event data. monitor: get the current status of event data continuously

group=<string>	Motion, Motion1, Motion2, Motion3, IO, T0	<p>Motion: Motion detection (event.E1)</p> <p>Motion1: Motion detection (event.E10)</p> <p>Motion2: Motion detection (event.E11)</p> <p>Motion3: Motion detection (event.E12)</p> <p>IO: Digital Input / Output Information</p> <p>T0: Tampering alarm(event.E2)</p> <p>Value of parameter group can be concatenated by ","</p>
MotionParam	Enabled,Level,Sensitivity,Triggered	<p>This parameter can be used to query the interest parameter of event data. If the command omitted the MotionParam parameter, the return result contains all the data about the motion detection.</p> <p>Value of parameter MotionParam can be concatenated by ","</p> <p>Enabled: The motion event is enabled or not. (0: disable, 1: enable)</p> <p>Level: Percentage of motion detected in all interested area. (0...100)</p> <p>Sensitivity: Sensitivity value of motion detection setting. (0...100)</p> <p>Triggered: The event is triggered or not (0: not triggered, 1: triggered)</p>
IOParam	Status	Only return interested value of Input / Output status

TamperingParam	Enable, Triggered	Get interested value of tampering event(T0) Enabled: The tampering alarm function is enabled or not (0: disabled, 1: enabled) Triggered: The tampering alarm function is triggered or not (0: not triggered, 1: triggered)
----------------	-------------------	---

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=get[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

Example: Get Motion current status.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=get&group=Motion
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-type: text/plain\r\n
Content-length: 20\r\n
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=0;\r\n
```

Motion (Event.E1) is not enabled.

Example: Get Motion, Motion2 current status.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=get&group=Motion,Motion2
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-type: text/plain\r\n
Content-length: 77\r\n
```

```
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=0;\r\n
Motion2:Enabled=1;Level=15;Sensitivity=80;Triggered=0;\r\n
```

Motion (Event.E1) is not enabled.

Motion2 (Event.E11) is enabled, but the motion is not triggered.

Example: Get Motion, Motion1 and IO status in one query.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=get&group=Motion,Motion1,IO
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-type: text/plain\r\n
Content-length: 101\r\n
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=1;Level=0;Sensitivity=80;Triggered=0;\r\n
Motion1:Enabled=0; \r\n
IO:Status=00000100000000;\r\n
\r\n
```

The definition is IO status is explained below.

```
<XX0><XX1><XX2><XX3><XX4><XX5><XX6>
```

Digit	Value	Description
<XX ₀ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: disable / 1: enable	Input1 ~ Input8 is enabled or not. Ex: a2 => 10100010 means Input8, 6, and 2 are enabled. Input7, 5, 4, 3 and 1 are disabled.
<XX ₁ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: open / 1: closed	Input1~Input8 is open or closed.
<XX ₂ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: open / 1: closed	Output1~OUtput8 is open or closed.
<XX ₃ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: Normal open/ 1: Normal closed	Input1~Input8 setting (Normal Open / Normal Closed)

<XX ₄ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: active status open/ 1: active status closed	Output1~Output8 setting (active status of the Output)
<XX ₅ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: inactive/ 1: active	Input1~Input8 active or inactive
<XX ₆ >	00 ~ ff It stands for b ₇ b ₆ b ₅ b ₄ b ₃ b ₂ b ₁ b ₀ in binary 0: inactive/ 1: active	Output1~Output8 active or inactive

Example: Get Motion, Motion1 status of Enabled and Triggered.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=get&group=Motion,Motion1&
MotionParam=Enabled,Triggered
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-type: text/plain\r\n
Content-length: 51\r\n
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=1;Triggered=0; \r\n
Motion1:Enabled=0; \r\n
\r\n
```

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=monitor[&<parameter>=<value>...]
```

Example: Get information of first and second motion window event data continuously.

```
http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin eventdata.cgi?action=monitor&group=Motion,Motion1
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n
Content-type: multipart/x-mixed-replace;boundary=<boundary>\r\n
\r\n
--<boundary>\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: 74\r\n
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=1;Level=0;Sensitivity=80;Triggered=0; \r\n
Motion1:Enabled=0; \r\n
\r\n
--<boundary>\r\n
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n
Content-Length: 75\r\n
\r\n
Motion:Enabled=1;Level=15;Sensitivity=80;Triggered=0; \r\n
Motion1:Enabled=0; \r\n
\r\n
.....
```

5.5 Video and Audio

5.5.1 Connect video and audio stream

Connect a video and audio stream by UDP or TCP with default resolution and compression as defined in the system configuration.

Syntax: connect to H.264

```
rtsp://<servername>/h264
```

Syntax: connect to 2nd H.264 streaming in quad H.264 mode.

```
rtsp://<servername>/h264_2
```

Syntax: connect to 3rd H.264 streaming in quad H.264 mode.

```
rtsp://<servername>/h264_3
```

Syntax: connect to 4th H.264 streaming in quad H.264 mode.

```
rtsp://<servername>/h264_4
```

Syntax: connect to MJPEG

```
rtsp://<servername>/jpeg
```

5.5.2 Connect video stream by http

Connect a video stream by HTTP with default resolution and compression as defined in the system configuration.

Syntax: connect to MJPEG

```
http://<servername>:8008
```

5.5.3 RTSP

This document specifies the external RTSP-based application programming interface of the camera and video servers.

The RTSP URL is `rtsp://<server name>/h264` where `<server name>` is the host name or IP address of the server. The DESCRIBE, SETUP, OPTIONS, PLAY, PAUSE and TEARDOWN methods are supported. The RTSP protocol is described in RFC 2326.

Request syntax:

```
COMMAND URI RTSP/1.0<CRLF>
Headerfield1: val1<CRLF>
Headerfield2: val2<CRLF>
...
<CRLF>
```

Response syntax:

```
RTSP/1.0 ResultCode ResultString<CRLF>
Headerfield3: val3<CRLF>
Headerfield4: val4<CRLF>
...
<CRLF>
```

The following header fields are accepted by all commands. Other header fields are silently ignored (unless stated otherwise in the sections below).

Field	Description
CSeq	Request sequence number.
Session	Session identifier (returned by server in SETUP response).
Content-Length	Length of content.

The following header fields can be generated for all responses by the RTSP server:

Field	Description
CSeq	Response sequence number (matches the sequence number of the request).
Session	Session identifier.

5.5.3.1 RTSP DESCRIBE

The DESCRIBE command returns the SDP (RFC 2327) description for the URI. The DESCRIBE command accepts the following additional header field:

Accept	List of content types that client supports (application/sdp is the only supported type).
---------------	--

The DESCRIBE command generates the following additional header fields:

Content-Type	Type of content (application/sdp).
Content-Length	Length of SDP description.
Content-Base	If relative URLs are used in the SDP description, then this is the base URL.

Example:

```
DESCRIBE rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 0
Accept: application/sdp
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 0
Date: Thu, Jun 20 2013 09:12:51 GMT
Content-Base: rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264/
Content-Type: application/sdp
```

Content-Length: 641

v=0
o=- 1371534426547402 1 IN IP4 0.0.0.0
s=Session streamed by "nessyMediaServer"
i=h264
t=0 0
a=tool:LIVE555 Streaming Media v2010.04.09_dyno_modi_2010.05.05
a=type:broadcast
a=control:
a=range:npt=0-
a=x-qt-text-nam:Session streamed by "nessyMediaServer"
a=x-qt-text-inf:h264m=video 0 RTP/AVP 99
c=IN IP4 0.0.0.0
a=rtpmap:99 H264/90000
a=fmtp:99 packetization-mode=28;profile-level-id=4D0029;
sprop-parameter-sets=Z00AKZpigPAET8uAtQEBAUAAAPoAADqYOhgAQAAABAAG7y40MACAAAAIAA3
eXCgA,aO48gA==
a=control:track1
a=cliprect:0,0,1920,1080
a=framerate:30.000000
m=audio 7878 RTP/AVP 0
a=rtpmap:0 PCMU/8000/1
a=control:track2

5.5.3.2 RTSP OPTIONS

The OPTIONS command returns a list of supported RTSP commands.

Example:

```
OPTIONS * RTSP/1.0  
CSeq: 1
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK  
CSeq: 1  
Date: Fri, Jan 05 2007 18:32:15 GMT  
Public: OPTIONS, DESCRIBE, SETUP, TEARDOWN, PLAY, PAUSE
```

5.5.3.3 RTSP SETUP

The SETUP command configures the delivery method for the data. The SETUP command requires and generates the following additional header field:

Transport	Specifies how the data stream is transported. Supported variants: RTP/AVP;unicast;client_port=port1-port2 RTP/AVP;multicast;client_port=port1-port2 RTP/AVP/TCP;unicast
------------------	--

The response returns a session identifier that should be used with stream control commands to the server (PLAY, PAUSE, TEARDOWN). If the Session header includes a timeout parameter, then the session needs to be kept alive. This can be done by sending RTSP requests to the server containing the session identifier (e.g. OPTIONS) within the specified timeout time or through the use of RTCP. The RTSP server does not support reconfiguring of the transport parameters.

Example:

```
SETUP rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264/track1 RTSP/1.0  
CSeq: 1
```

```
Transport: RTP/AVP;unicast;client_port=6300-6301
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 1
Date: Thu, Jun 20 2013 09:12:51 GMT
Transport:
RTP/AVP;unicast;destination=192.168.0.102;source=192.168.0.200;client_port=6300-6301;server
_port=6970-6971
Session: 1
```

Example:

```
SETUP rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264/track2 RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Transport: RTP/AVP;unicast;client_port=6302-6303
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Cache-Control: must-revalidate
Date: Thu, Jun 20 2013 09:12:51 GMT
Transport:
RTP/AVP;unicast;destination=192.168.0.102;source=192.168.0.200;client_port=6302-6303;server
_port=6972-6973
Session: 1
```

5.5.3.4 RTSP PLAY

The PLAY command starts (or restarts if paused) the data delivery to the client. The PLAY command generates the following additional header fields:

Range	Specifies the range of time being played. Since only live streams are used, the specified time will always begin now and have no stop time.
RTP-Info	Information about the RTP stream. More specifically, it includes the next RTP sequence number that will be used.

Example:

```
PLAY rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264/ RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 3
Session: 1
Range: npt=0.000-
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 3
Date: Thu, Jun 20 2013 09:12:51 GMT
Range: npt=0.000-
Session: 1
RTP-Info:
url=rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264/track1;seq=41182;rtptime=1985344790,url=rtsp://192.168.0.200
/h264/track2;seq=55405;rtptime=3572879460
```

5.5.3.5 RTSP PAUSE

The PAUSE command pauses the data delivery from the server.

Example:

```
PAUSE rtsp://192.168.0.200/h264 RTSP/1.0  
CSeq: 5  
Session: 1
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK  
CSeq: 5  
Date: Fri, Jan 05 2007 19:03:59 GMT  
Session: 1
```

5.5.3.6 RTSP TEARDOWN

The TEARDOWN command terminates the data delivery from the server.

Example:

```
TEARDOWN rtsp://192.168.0.250/h264 RTSP/1.0  
CSeq: 6  
Session: 1
```

Response example:

```
RTSP/1.0 200 OK  
CSeq: 6  
Session: 1
```